

# Ultrasonic Level Meter CPC-U-53

## Ultrasonic Level Sensor CPK-U-53

### INSTRUCTION MANUAL



Read the user's manual carefully before starting to use the unit or software.  
Producer reserves the right to implement changes without prior notice.



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## Used symbols

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To ensure maximum safety of control processes, we have defined the following safety instructions and information. Each instruction is labelled with the appropriate pictogram.



### Alert, warning, danger

This symbol informs you about particularly important instructions for installation and operation of equipment or dangerous situations that may occur during the installation and operation. Not observing these instructions may cause disturbance, damage or destruction of equipment or may cause injury.



### Information

This symbol indicates particularly important characteristics of the device.



### Note

This symbol indicates helpful additional information.

## Safety

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All operations described in this instruction manual have to be carried out by trained personnel or by an accredited person only. Warranty and post warranty service must be exclusively carried out by the manufacturer.

Improper use, installation or set-up of the sensor can lead to crashes in the application.

The manufacturer is not responsible for improper use, loss of work caused by either direct or indirect damage, and for expenses incurred at the time of installation or during the period of use of the level sensors.

## 1. Basic description

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The CPC-U-53 ultrasonic level meters and the CPK-U-53 ultrasonic level sensors are compact measurement devices containing an electro-acoustic transducer and an electronic module.

Using the electro-acoustic transducer, level meters and level sensors transmit a series of ultrasonic pulses that spread towards the surface. The transducer then receives the reflected acoustic wave, which is subsequently processed in the electronic module. The current distance to the surface level is calculated from the time of spread of individual pulses towards the surface and back and the temperature measured in the tank. The output is then set on the basis of the surface height.

The outputs of the CPC-U-53 level meter are current 4 - 20 mA, voltage 0 - 10 V and industrial line RS-485 with Modbus RTU communication. The output of the CPK-U-53 sensor consists of a PNP transistor with an open collector and a two-state current switch 4 mA/ 20 mA.

## 2. Range of application

Thanks to the contactless measuring principle ultrasonic level meters are suitable for continuous measurement or limit level sensing of liquids, waste water, sludge, suspensions, adhesives, resins in various open and closed vessels, sumps, open channels and drains. Use for organic solvents or substances, which contain organic solvents, should be consulted with the manufacturer. Usability for level measurement of solid materials is limited, there is a shorter measuring range. We recommend using the level meter for such a medium to consult with the manufacturer. Setting is carried out either using two buttons or a magnetic pen or by remote setting in case of Modbus RTU output. The device is equipped with optical indication of its state (RUN) and the setting process (STATE). It is manufactured in designs for normal (N) atmosphere.



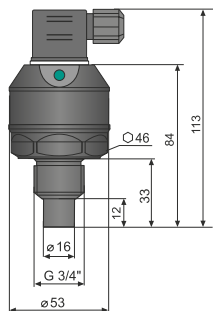
In the case of use for an aggressive medium is necessary to prove the chemical compatibility of used materials of the sensor (Tab. Used materials on page 27). The guarantee ceases when the product is chemically damaged.

## 3. Variants

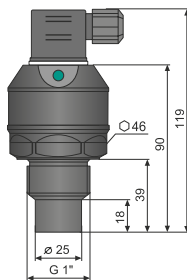
- CP\_-U-53N-01-** measurement range **0.1 m to 1 m**, all-plastic design, source of PVDF (polyvinylidene fluoride), mechanical connection with thread G ¾.
- CP\_-U-53N-02-** measurement range **0.20 m to 2 m**, all-plastic design, source of PVDF, mechanical connection with thread G 1".
- CP\_-U-53N-06-** measurement range **0.20 m to 6 m**, all-plastic design, source of PVDF, mechanical connection with thread G 1 ½".
- CP\_-U-53N-10-** measurement range **0.4 m to 10 m**, all-plastic case, source of PVDF, mechanical connection with thread G 2 ¼".

## 4. Dimensional drawing

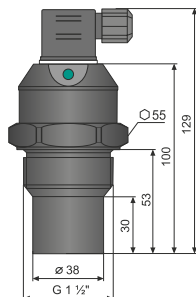
CP\_-U-53\_-01-



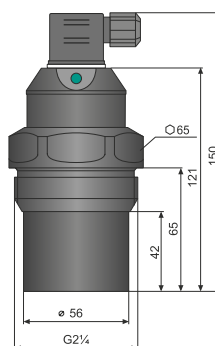
CP\_-U-53\_-02-



CP\_-U-53\_-06\_-



CP\_-U-53\_-10\_-



## 5. Installation and putting into operation

Please follow next 3 steps:

- Mechanical mounting - see chapter 6
- Electrical connection - see chapter 7
- Setting elements - see chapter 8
- Settings - see chapter 9

## 6. Mechanical mounting

- The device is installed in a vertical position into the upper lid of the tank or reservoir using a lug, a fastening nut or a flange in such a way that the axis of the device is perpendicular to the surface level of the measured liquid (Fig. 1). Tightening of the level meter in the welding flange (or. by the fixing nut) **must be done only by hand \***. The device shall be installed in places with no risk of **mechanical damage to the front of the sensor**.
- The minimum distance from the **tank wall** when installing into the lid or the ceiling of the tank are listed in Fig. 3. In the case of device installation close to smooth wall of the tank it is not necessary to observe the minimum distance, conversely it is suitable to shorten this distance.
- When installing in an open channel (sump, drain, etc.), install the device onto a console as close as possible to the expected maximum level.
- The reference plane for the measurement is the lower edge of the transducer (Fig.2). In compliance with the measuring principle, no signals **reflected in the area directly below the device** (dead zone) can be evaluated. The dead zone (Fig.2) determines the minimum distance possible between the device and the highest level. The minimum distances to the medium are listed in the chapter "Technical specifications".
- The device shall be installed so that the surface does not interfere with the dead zone when the tank is filled to the maximum. If the measured surface interferes with the dead zone, the device **will not measure properly**.

\*) To loosen the level meter can be used suitable wrench.

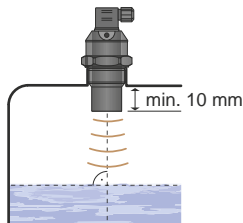


Fig. 1: Correct installation of the sensor, perpendicular to the liquid surface

CP_U-53-01; 02; 10	$d > c/12$ (min. 200 mm)
CP_U-53-06	$d > c/8$ (min. 200 mm)

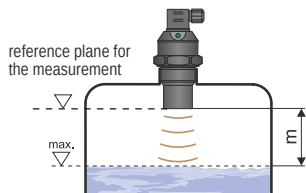


Fig. 2: Dead zone of the device

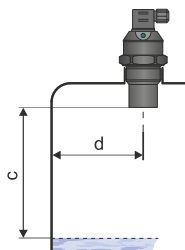


Fig. 3: Distance of the device from the tank wall

$d$  – distance from tank wall  
 $c$  – maximum reach of the device  
 $m$  – dead zone

- Do not install the device in or above the **filling** point (Fig. 4). The measurement could be affected by the inflowing medium.

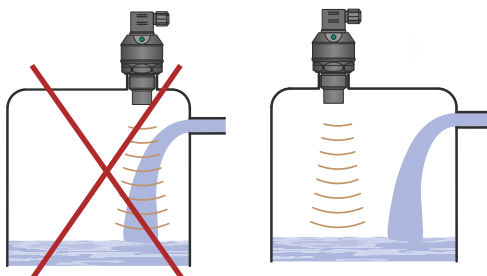
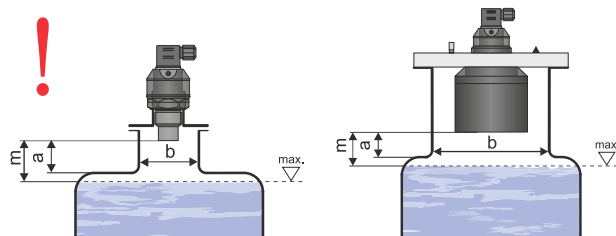


Fig. 4: Installation of the device out of reach of filling circulation



It is recommended to avoid placing the sensor into a narrow neck.

- Only if the maximum level in the tank gets into the dead zone, the device shall be mounted into a higher **installation neck**. The tank can be then filled nearly up to the maximum volume. The neck's inner surface shall be even and smooth (without edges and welded joints), the inner edge should be rounded in the spot where the ultrasonic wave leaves the pipe. Choose the largest possible neck diameter, but keep the neck height as low as possible. The recommended dimensions of the inlet neck are listed in Fig. 5.



CP_U-53-01; 02; 06; 10	$a < 1.5b$ $b > 100$ mm
------------------------	----------------------------

$a$  – neck height from source edge  
 $b$  – neck width  
 $m$  – dead zone

Fig. 5: Installation of the device in the installation neck

- If the level sensor is mounted into narrow necks and into places with obstacles, close uneven walls or the filling area, where the transmission signal could be distorted, we recommend using a guide tube (acoustic horn). The tube must be made from a single material with a smooth inner surface (see image 6 a 7). The minimum tube diameter must have the dimension „h“ according to see to table at image 7. **The construction of the guide tube we recommend to consult with the manufacturer.**

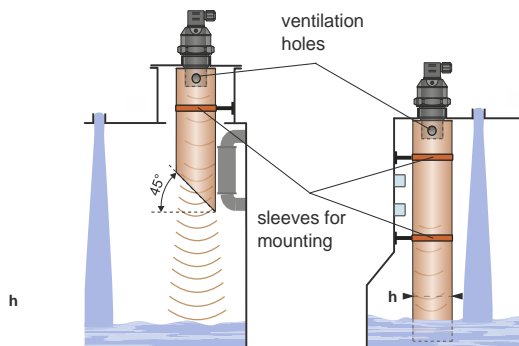


Fig. 6: Short guide tube installation

Fig. 7: Total guide tube installation

CP_-U-53-01	$h \geq 50 \text{ mm}$
CP_-U-53-02	$h \geq 70 \text{ mm}$
CP_-U-53-06	$h \geq 100 \text{ mm}$
CP_-U-53-10	$h \geq 150 \text{ mm}$

- Horn adapter** for improved reception of the transmitted signal can be used in open channels, sumps, tanks, etc. ST-G0,75 (G1, G1,5, G2,25) by type CPC-U-53.
- Horn adapter ST increases the directivity of the emitted acoustic waves, improves the reception of weak echoes (unstable surface level, loose materials, foam on the level) and reduces the risk of false reflections.
- The horn adapter is installed on the device via process connection G3/4" (ST-G0,75) or G1" (ST-G1) or G1½" (ST-G1,5), or G 2 ¼" (ST-G2,25).
- The site for installing the level meter needs to be chosen so that the emitted acoustic signal is not affected by **nearby objects** (reinforcements, supports, brackets, ladders, heating elements, mixers, etc.). These obstacles may result in false rebounds, increasing measurement inaccuracy (Fig. 9).

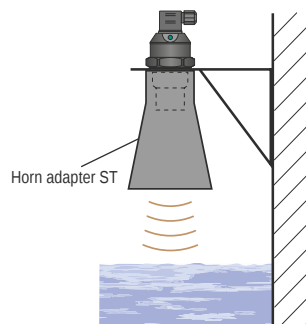


Fig. 8: Horn adapter installation

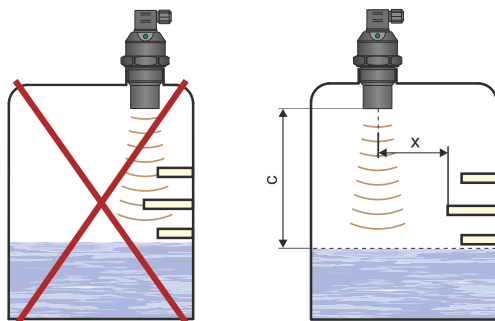


Fig. 9: Minimum distance from close objects in the tank

CP_-U-53-01;02;10	$x > c/12$ (min. 200 mm)
CP_-U-53-06	$x > c/8$ (min. 200 mm)

x – distance from the edge of the longest object  
c – maximum reach of the level meter

- **Foam** may be produced on the surface of the measured liquid during filling, mixing and other processes. The thick foam significantly absorbs the ultrasound signal and may cause malfunction of the device (Fig. 10). In those cases it is necessary to test the device in advance or contact the manufacturer. In case of a **thin layer of foam**, it is also possible to use directional **horn** for improving receipt of the reflected echo.

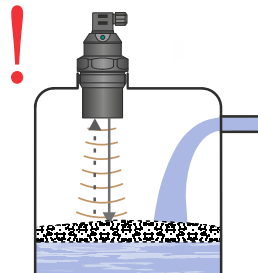


Fig. 10: Thick foam on the surface

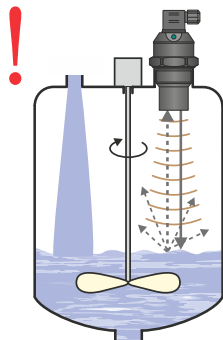


Fig. 11: Moderately stirred surface

- The ultrasonic signal can be scattered or attenuated if the surface is **moderately stirred** or **rippled** (due to a mixer, inflow of liquid, etc.). This may result in reduction of the measurement range or unreliable operation of the device (Fig. 11). For a **rippled** or **swirling level**, you can use the **directional horn** to eliminate scattering of the ultrasonic signal.

- False surface reflections of the ultrasonic signal and unreliable operation of the device might result from the mixer's **rotating blades** that ripple the surface level (Fig. 12).
- The device should not be installed in places with the risk of **false reflections** of the ultrasonic signal from the mixer's blades (Fig. 13).

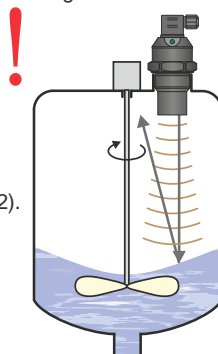


Fig. 12: Strongly stirred surface

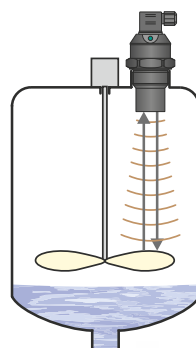


Fig. 13: False reflection from mixer blades

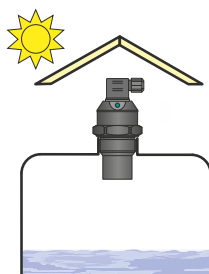


Fig. 14: Shielding cover against direct sunlight

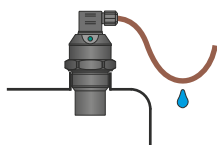


Fig. 15: Protection against penetration of moisture

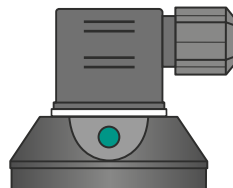
- The measuring device **shall not be installed** in places with direct sunlight and shall be protected against weather conditions. **Direct sunlight affects the built-in temperature compensation!**
- If installation in places with direct sunlight is inevitable, it is necessary to mount a **shielding cover** above the device (Fig. 14).
- It is advisable to keep cable under the **cable gland** (sagging down) as shown in Fig. 15 to prevent penetration of moisture. Rain and condensing water can be therefore drained away freely.
- The cable gland as well as the connector shall be **tightened sufficiently** to prevent penetration of moisture.

## 7. Electrical connection

### 7.1. Connection through ISO connector

Valid for: CP-U-53 \_ \_ \_ \_G-

The CPC-U-53 level meter or CPK-U-53 level sensor with a G type cable gland are connected to processing (display) units by means of a cable with an outer diameter of 6 to 8 mm (recommended wire cross-section 0.5 to 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup>), via a detachable ISO connector with inner screw terminals, which is part of the delivery. The connection diagram and the inner view of the connector are shown in Fig.16 and 17. Non-detachable connector IP67 with PVC cable 5 m long can be supplied as an extra option.

Performance „G“  
with connector ISO

#### Connecting the cable to the device:

1. Unscrew the connector from the device body using a suitable screwdriver.
2. Remove the inner part of the connector using a flat screwdriver (insert the screwdriver in the gap marked with an arrow).
3. Unscrew the cable gland and pull the supply cable inside the connector.
4. Connect the cable wires to the screw terminals as shown in Fig. 16 (current output 4-20 mA), Fig. 17 (voltage output 0-10 V), Fig. 18 (S type output) or Fig. 19 (P) type output. Tighten the terminals firmly.
5. Insert the terminals back in the connector so that the NC terminal points away from the cable gland. Fasten the cable gland.
6. Check the sealing on the connector and attach the connector back to the device body.

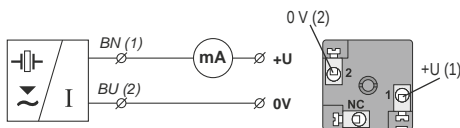


Fig. 16: Connection diagram of the CPC-U-53 level meter (variant -I) and inside view of the connector

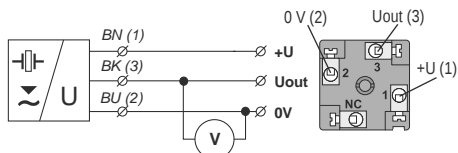


Fig. 17: Connection diagram of the CPC-U-53 level meter (variant -U) and inside view of the connector

#### Type CPK-U-53 \_ \_ \_ \_S-G-

Positive supply pole +U is connected to the brown wire or to connector pin 1, negative pole to the blue wire or to connector pin 2.

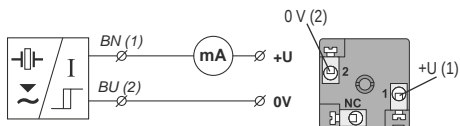


Fig. 18: Connection diagram of the CPK-U-53 sensor with S type output (two-state current switch 4 mA / 20 mA)

### Type CPK-U-53 \_ \_ \_ -P-G-

Positive supply pole +U is connected to the brown wire or to connector pin 1, negative pole to the blue wire or to connector pin 2. Load is connected to the black wire or to connector pin 3.

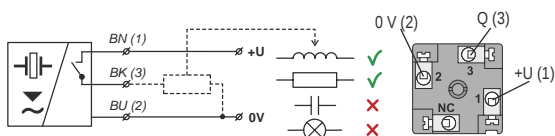


Fig. 19: Connection diagram of the CPK-U-53 sensor with P type output (PNP) with an open collector

legend:

BK – black      BN – brown  
BU – blue      NC – not connected

## 7.2. Connection through M12 connector

The CPC-U-53 level meter or CPK-U-53 level sensor with a C type cable gland are connected to processing (display) units by means of a cable with an outer diameter of 4 to 6 mm (recommended wire cross-section 0.5 to 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup>), via a connector socket with a moulded cable (2 or 5 m long) or via a detachable connector socket without a cable (see accessories), the connector is not basic part of the sensor. In this case connect the cable to the inner socket pins under Fig. 21.

Valid for: CP \_U-53 \_ \_ \_ -C-

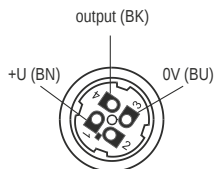
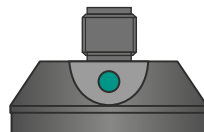


Fig. 20: Inside view of the connector socket

legend:

BN – brown  
BK – black  
BU – blue



Performance „C“  
with connector M12

### Type CPC-U-53 \_ \_ \_ -I-C-

The positive supply pole +U is connected to connector pin 1 or the brown wire of the connected cable, the negative pole is connected to connector pin 3 or the blue wire of the connected cable.

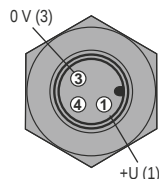
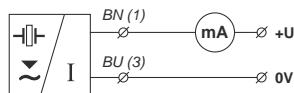


Fig. 21: Connection diagram of the CPC-U-53 level meter (variant -I) and view of the connector

### Type CPC-U-53 \_ \_ \_ \_U-C- \_

The positive supply pole +U is connected to connector pin 1 or the brown wire of the connected cable, the negative pole is connected to connector pin 3 or the blue wire of the connected cable. Output voltage is connected to connector pin 4 or the black cable wire.

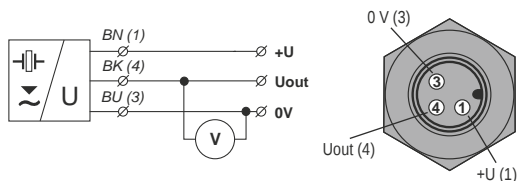


Fig. 22: Connection diagram of the CPC-U-53 level meter (variant -U) and view of the connector

### Type CPK-U-53 \_ \_ \_ \_S-C- \_

The positive supply pole +U is connected to connector pin 1 or the brown wire of the connected cable, the negative pole is connected to connector pin 3 or the blue wire of the connected cable.

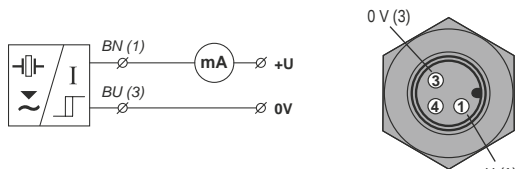


Fig. 23: Connection diagram of the CPK-U-53 sensor with S type output (two-state current switch 4 mA / 20 mA)

### Type CPK-U-53 \_ \_ \_ \_P-C- \_

The positive supply pole +U is connected to connector pin 1 or the brown wire of the connected cable, the negative pole is connected to connector pin 3 or the blue wire of the connected cable. Load is connected to connector pin 4 or the black cable wire.

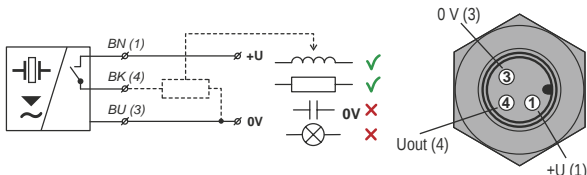
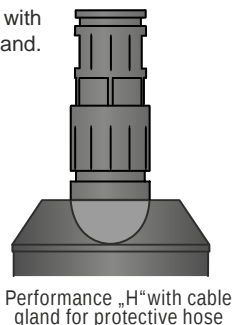
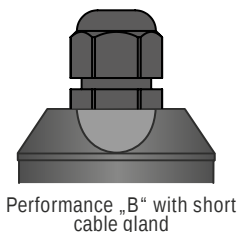


Fig. 24: Connection diagram of the CPK-U-53 sensor with P type output (PNP) with an open collector

## 7.3. Connection via standard cable gland or gland for protective hoses

Valid for: CP \_U-53 \_ \_ \_ \_B(H)- \_

The CPC-U-53 level meter or CPK-U-53 sensor with a B or H type cable gland are connected to processing (display) units by means of a fixed PVC cable 5 m long. PG 11 (B) or plastic bushings with a thread for protective hoses (H) can be used as a cable gland. Connection diagrams are shown in Fig. 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29.



### Type CPC-U-53 \_ \_ \_ \_I-B(H)- \_

The positive supply pole +U is connected to the brown wire of the connected cable, the negative pole is connected to the blue wire of the connected cable.

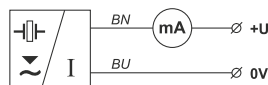


Fig. 25: Connection diagram of the CPC-U-53 level meter (variant -I)

### Type CPC-U-53 \_ \_ \_ \_U-B(H)- \_

The positive supply pole +U is connected to the brown wire of the connected cable, the negative pole is connected to the blue wire of the connected cable. Output voltage is connected to the black wire of the cable.

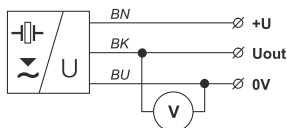


Fig. 26: Connection diagram of the level meter with a voltage output (variant -U)

### Type CPC-U-53 \_ \_ \_ \_M-B(H)- \_

Level meters are designed for connection to the PLC input (RS-485). The positive supply pole +U is connected to the brown wire of the connected cable, the negative pole is connected to the blue wire of the connected cable. Terminals A and B of line RS-485 are connected to the yellow and green communication wires. The ground terminal of line RS-485 is connected to cable shielding.

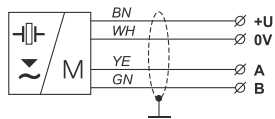


Fig. 27: Connection diagram of the level meter with an RS-485 output (variant -M)

### Type CPK-U-53 \_ \_ \_ \_S-B(H)- \_

The positive supply pole +U is connected to the brown wire of the connected cable, the negative pole is connected to the blue wire of the connected cable.



Fig. 28: Connection diagram of the sensor with S type output (two-state current switch 4mA / 20mA)

### Type CPK-U-53 \_ \_ \_ \_P-B(H)- \_

The positive supply pole +U is connected to the brown wire of the connected cable, the negative pole is connected to the blue wire of the connected cable. Load is connected to the black wire of the cable.

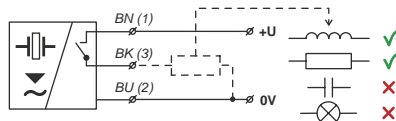


Fig. 29: Connection diagram of the sensor with P type output (PNP) with an open collector

legend:

BK – black    WH – white  
BU – blue    YE – yellow  
BN – brown    GN – green



Wiring operations shall only be carried out without voltage!



It is also necessary to design and take measures to reduce the effects of static electricity to a safe level in the wiring.



The supply source should be preferably designed as a stabilized source of safe voltage 18 V to 36 V DC, which is part of the downstream processing or display system.

In case of strong ambient electromagnetic disturbance, parallel run of the input cable with the power line or its length exceeding 30 m, we recommend using a shielded cable.

## 8. Control elements

### Device type with setting using buttons

#### **DOWN** button for CPC (or "**OFF**" for CPK)

- open the setting mode
- for CPC: direct setting of the value 4 mA (0 V)
- for CPK: setting limit for output disconnection
- decrease of values in defined steps

#### **UP** button for CPC (or "**ON**" for CPK)

- open the setting mode
- for CPC: direct setting of the value 20 mA (10 V)
- for CPK: setting limit for output connection
- increase of values in defined steps

Valid for: CP -U-53 - - - -T

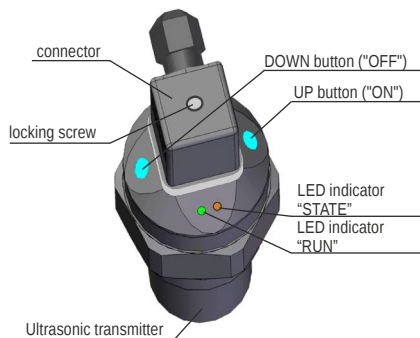


Fig. 30: Key parts of the measuring device (version with buttons)

### Device type with setting using a magnetic pen

#### **EMPTY** flat area for CPC (or "**OFF**" for CPK)

- open the setting mode
- for CPC: direct setting of the value 4 mA (0 V)
- for CPK: setting limit for output disconnection

#### **FULL** flat area for CPC (or "**ON**" for CPK)

- open the setting mode
- for CPC: direct setting of the value 20 mA (10 V)
- for CPK: setting limit for output connection

Valid for: CP -U-53 - - - -M

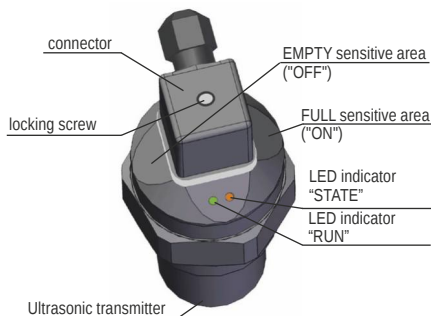


Fig. 31: Key parts of the measuring device (version with Hall probes)

## 9. Settings

The level meter works most often in its default mode for level measurement (Fig. 32) and only rarely in the inverse mode (Fig. 33).

The manual device shall be set up after installation using the DOWN and UP buttons (for version "T") or by applying the magnetic pen onto sensitive flat areas (for version "M"). The set-up process is indicated by the STATE indicator lamp.

The L version level meter does not have any setting controls and indication LEDs. Pre-defined ranges are factory set (applicable to current and voltage outputs).

The level meter variant with a Modbus type output is set by means of two-way communication via the RS-485 industrial bus with the Modbus RTU protocol. A list of applicable registers is given in a separate appendix. To set up the level meter and collect measured data, you can use the software application „Basic SCADA level“, which is freely available at the website [www.simex.pl](http://www.simex.pl)

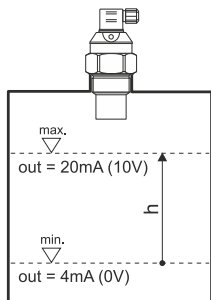


Fig. 32: Default mode  
(level measurement)

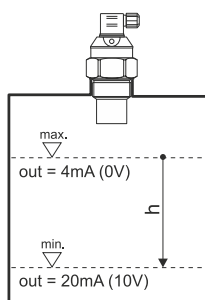


Fig. 33: Inverse mode

### 9.1. Setting procedure for level meters CPC-U-53

Connect the level meter to the supply source. Check the output value - current or voltage - using the measuring device or a connected instrument.

#### 9.1.1. Setting using buttons (version "T")

##### **a) Basic mode (level measurement)**

##### Setting of lower limit 4 mA (0V)

1. Drain the tank to the lower measured level.
2. Press the DOWN button for at least 2 s to activate the setting mode (the STATE indicator LED flashes slowly). Keep the DOWN button pressed for at least additional 3 s to set the value to 4 mA (0 V) directly. In that case you can skip step 3.
3. Press the DOWN and UP buttons to accurately set any value in individual increments (hold the relevant button to increase the adjustment step gradually).
4. Press both buttons simultaneously for at least 1 s to confirm the set values. The STATE indicator LED briefly flashes three times.
5. Any other setting is possible 2 s after both buttons are released.

### Setting of upper limit 20 mA (10V)

1. Fill the tank up to the upper measured level.
2. Press the UP button for at least 2 s to activate the setting mode (the STATE indicator LED flashes quickly). Keep the UP button pressed for at least additional 3 s to set the value to 20 mA (10 V) directly. In that case you can skip step 3.
3. Press the DOWN and UP buttons to accurately set any value in individual increments (hold the relevant button to increase the adjustment step gradually).
4. Press both buttons simultaneously for at least 1 s to confirm the set values. The STATE indicator LED briefly flashes three times.
5. Any other setting is possible 2 s after both buttons are released.

### Default settings (factory default)

1. Disconnect the level meter from supply voltage (e.g. by disconnecting the connector).
2. Press the DOWN and UP buttons at the same time while supply voltage is disconnected.
3. Connect supply voltage while keeping the DOWN and UP buttons pressed.
4. Wait approx. 4 s for 3 short flashes of the orange STATE indicator LED. After that, release both buttons.
5. Now the level meter is set to factory default. See the table on page 26.

#### **b) Inverse mode**

In the inverse mode, set the lower limit of 4 mA (0 V) when the tank is filled up to the upper measured surface level and the upper limit of 20 mA (10 V) when the tank is drained to the lower measured surface level see Fig. 34.

### 9.1.2. Setting using a magnetic pen (version "M")

#### **a) Basic mode (level measurement)**

### Setting of lower limit 4 mA (0V)

6. Drain the tank to the lower measured level.
7. Set the level meter output to the value of 4 mA (0 V) by applying the magnetic pen to the EMPTY sensitive area for at least 2 s. The STATE indicator LED flashes slowly. Hold the magnetic pen on the flat area for at least additional 3 s to confirm the set value and store it in the internal memory of the level meter. The STATE indicator LED briefly flashes three times.
8. Any other setting is possible 2 s after the magnetic pen is removed from the sensitive area.

### Setting of upper limit 20 mA (10V)

1. Fill the tank up to the upper measured level.
2. Set the level meter output to the value of 20 mA (10V) by applying the magnetic pen to the FULL sensitive area for at least 2 s. The STATE indicator LED flashes slowly. Hold the magnetic pen on the flat area for at least additional 3 s to confirm the set value and store it in the internal memory of the level meter. The STATE indicator LED briefly flashes three times.
3. Any other setting is possible 2 s after the magnetic pen is removed from the sensitive area.

### Default settings (factory default)

1. Disconnect the level meter from supply voltage (e.g. by disconnecting the connector).
2. While there is no supply voltage, apply the magnetic pen on one of the sensitive areas.

3. Connect supply voltage and keep the magnetic pen in position.
4. Wait approx. 4 s for 3 short flashes of the orange STATE indicator LED. You can remove the magnetic pen.
5. Now the level meter is restored into factory default settings. See the table on page 26.

### ***b) Inverse mode***

In the inverse mode, set the lower limit of 4 mA (0 V) when the tank is filled up to the upper measured surface level and the upper limit of 20 mA (10 V) when the tank is drained to the lower measured surface level see Fig. 34.

## 9.2. Setting procedure for level sensors CPK-U-53

The CPK-U-53 sensor can work in two modes:

### **a) Mode O (closed output when the maximum level is exceeded)**

- the sensor output is closed when the level rises to the upper set point and open when the level drops to the lower set point

### **b) Mode C (open output when the maximum level is exceeded)**

- the sensor output is open when the level rises to the upper set point and closed when the level drops to the lower set point

Connect the sensor to the power supply. Check the status of the sensor output - connected or disconnected - using a connected device.

### 9.2.1. Setting using buttons (version "T")

#### ***a) Mode O (closed output when the maximum level is exceeded)***

#### Setting of open output

6. Drain the tank to the lower measured level.
7. Open the sensor output by pressing the OFF button for at least 2 s. The STATE indicator LED flashes slowly. Keep the OFF button pressed for at least additional 3 s to confirm the set value and store it in the internal memory of the level meter. The STATE indicator LED briefly flashes three times. You can also press both buttons simultaneously for at least 1 s to confirm the set values.
8. Any other setting is possible 2 s after the button is released (buttons are released).

#### Setting of closed output

1. Fill the tank up to the upper measured level.
2. Closed the sensor output by pressing the ON button for at least 2 s. The STATE indicator LED flashes quickly. Keep the ON button pressed for at least additional 3 s to confirm the set value and store it in the internal memory of the level meter. The STATE indicator LED briefly flashes three times. You can also press both buttons simultaneously for at least 1 s to confirm the set values.
3. Any other setting is possible 2 s after the button is released (buttons are released).

#### Default settings (factory default)

1. Disconnect the sensor from supply voltage (e.g. by disconnecting the connector).
2. Press the OFF and ON buttons at the same time while supply voltage is disconnected.
3. Connect supply voltage while keeping the OFF and ON buttons pressed.

4. Wait approx. 4 s for 3 short flashes of the orange STATE indicator LED. After that, release both buttons.
5. Now the level meter is restored into factory default settings. See the table on page 26.

***b) Mode C (open output when the maximum level is exceeded)***

In mode C, set the open status when the tank is filled up to the upper measured surface level and the closed status when the tank is drained to the lower measured surface level.

9.2.2. Setting using a magnetic pen (version "M")

***a) Mode O (closed output when the maximum level is exceeded)***

Setting of disconnected output

6. Drain the tank to the lower measured level.
7. Open the sensor output by placing the magnetic pen to the OFF sensitive area for at least 2 s. The STATE indicator LED flashes slowly. Hold the magnetic pen on the OFF flat area for at least additional 3 s to confirm the set value and store it in the internal memory of the level meter. The STATE indicator LED briefly flashes three times.
8. Any other setting is possible 2 s after the magnetic pen is removed from the sensitive area.

Setting of connected output

1. Fill the tank up to the upper measured level.
2. Closed the sensor output by placing the magnetic pen to the ON sensitive area for at least 2 s. The STATE indicator LED flashes quickly. Hold the magnetic pen on the ON flat area for at least additional 3 s to confirm the set value and store it in the internal memory of the level meter. The STATE indicator LED briefly flashes three times.
3. Any other setting is possible 2 s after the magnetic pen is removed from the sensitive area.

Default settings (factory default)

4. Disconnect the sensor from supply voltage (e.g. by disconnecting the connector).
5. While there is no supply voltage, place the magnetic pen on one of the sensitive areas.
6. Connect supply voltage and keep the magnetic pen in position.
7. Wait approx. 4 s for 3 short flashes of the yellow STATE indicator LED. After that, release both buttons.
8. Now the level meter is restored into factory default settings. See the table on page 26.

***b) Mode C (open output when the maximum level is exceeded)***

In mode C, set the open status when the tank is filled up to the upper measured surface level and the closed status when the tank is drained to the lower measured surface level.



If the surface level is within the dead zone (the RUN indicator LED flashes quickly), the setting mode is terminated immediately and will be inaccessible until the level leaves the dead zone.

If no button is pressed in the setting mode within 20 s, the measurement mode of the level meter will be restored. The newly set values will not be saved.

## 10. Function and status indication

LED indicator	Colour	Function
„RUN“	green	<p><b>short slow flashing</b> – (repeated depending on the measurement interval approx. 1 ... 2 s) - correct function, receipt of signal (echo) reflected from the measured surface</p> <p><b>fast flashing</b> – the measured surface is in the dead zone of the level meter or the ultrasound transducer is dirty.* This fault signal is triggered after 5 measurements in dead zone. After one measuring outside out the dead zone the fault signal cancels (LED stops flashing rapidly and the current / voltage is set to the current level)</p> <p>o – the level meter is not capable of receiving the echo. Incorrect installation or malfunction.* This fault signal runs after 20 lost echoes. After one correct measurement the led starts flashing again and the current / voltage is set to the current level)</p> <p>(* The dead zone and failure are also indicated by setting the output current/voltage see fault on page 26.)</p>
„STATE“	orange	<p><b>CPC-U-53</b></p> <p><b>Setting indication</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>slow flashing</b> – 4 mA (0 V) threshold setting indication</li> <li>• <b>fast flashing</b> – 20 mA (10 V) threshold setting indication</li> <li>• <b>3 short flashes</b> – setting confirmation</li> </ul> <p><b>CPK-U-53</b></p> <p><b>Output status indication</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• o – sensor output is disconnected (OFF)</li> <li>• on – sensor output is connected (ON)</li> </ul> <p><b>Setting indication</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>slow flashing</b> – setting indication for the disconnected status</li> <li>• <b>fast flashing</b> – setting indication for the connected status</li> <li>• <b>3 short flashes</b> – setting confirmation</li> </ul>

## 11. Protocol Modbus®

Data communication takes place along a series line of a standard RS-485 with protocol Modbus RTU. A list of relevant variables is provided in a separate annex.

To set up the level meter and collect measured data, you can use the software application „Basic SCADA level“, which is freely available at the website [www.simex.pl](http://www.simex.pl). Connecting the level meter to a peripheral device can be performed using a converter URC-485, see image 35.

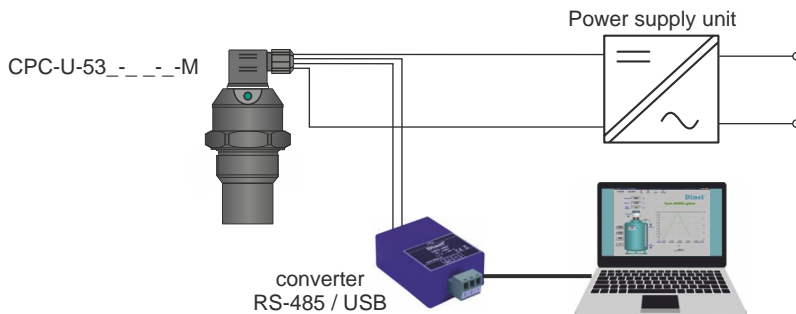
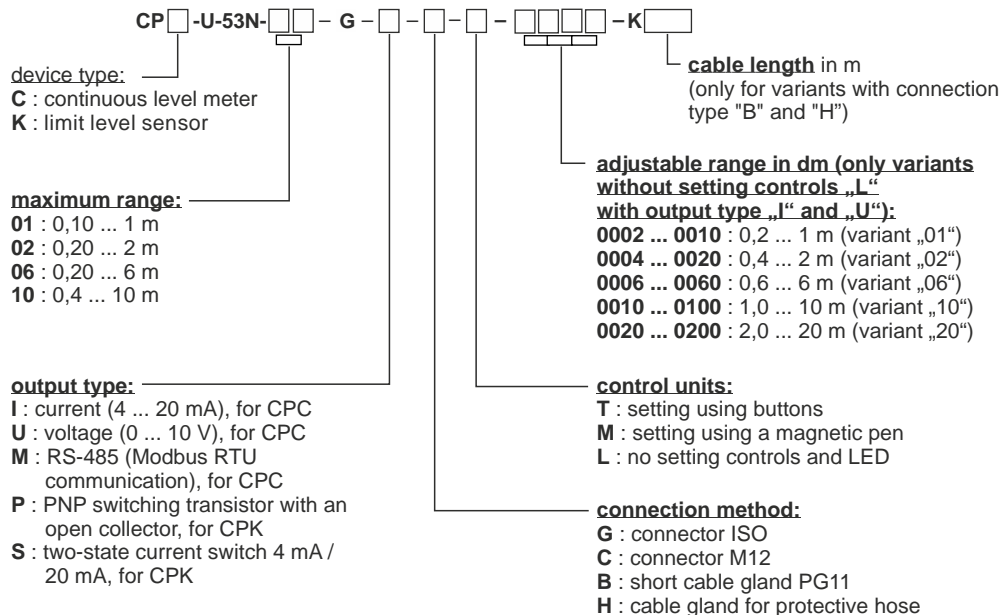


Fig. 34: Typical hardware configuration with Modbus®

## 12. Order code



## 13. Correct specification examples

### **CPC-U-53N-02-G-I-G-T**

(N) Performance for non-explosive areas; (02) maximum range 0,2 ... 2 m; (G) process connection pipe thread; (I) current output (4 ... 20 mA); (G) connection method ISO connector; (T) set-up elements by buttons.

### **CPC-U-53N-10-G-U-H-M-K5**

(N) Performance for non-explosive areas; (10) maximum range 0,4 ... 10 m; (G) process connection pipe thread; (U) voltage output (0 ... 10 V); (H) connection method cable gland for protective hose; (M) set-up elements by magnetic pen

### **CPK-U-53N-02-G-P-G-T**

(N) Performance for non-explosive areas; (02) maximum range 0,2 ... 2 m; (G) process connection pipe thread; (P) PNP switching transistor with an open collector; (G) connection method ISO connector; (T) set-up elements by buttons.

### **CPK-U-53N-10-G-P-H-M-K5**

(N) Performance for non-explosive areas; (10) maximum range 0,4 ... 10 m; (G) process connection pipe thread; (P) PNP switching transistor with an open collector; (H) connection method cable gland for protective hose; (M) set-up elements by magnetic pen

## 14. Accessories

**standard** (included in the level meter price)

- 1x seal (for CP\_-U-53\_- 01; 02; 06; 10)
- 1x connector with IP67 coverage (for versions with an ISO connector)
- 1x magnetic pen (for device type adjusted by a magnetic pen)
- free-to-download programm Basic Scada Level (for the Modbus version)

**optional – for a surcharge** (see catalogue sheet of accessories)

- stainless steel or plastic fastening nuts G ¾", G1", G1 ½" and G2 ¼"
- stainless steel or plastic lugs G ¾", G1", G1 ½" and G2 ¼"
- horn adapter ST-G0,75 , ST-G1 (thread G1"), ST-G1,5 and ST-G2,25
- socket ELWIK 4012 K PG7
- connector with IP67 coverage (type GAN-DADE 7A) with 5m cable (for current output and ISO type connector)
- connector with IP67 coverage (type GAN-DAEE 7A) with 5m cable (for voltage output and ISO type connector)
- converter URC-485 (for the Modbus version)

## 15. Safety, protection and compatibility

---

The CPC-U-53 level meter and the CPK-U-53 sensor are equipped with protection against reverse polarity of the supply voltage and against short voltage surges and with protection against current overload at the output.

Protection against dangerous contact is provided by low safety voltage according to EN 3320004-41. Electromagnetic compatibility is provided by conformity with standards EN 55011/B, EN 61326-1 and EN 61000-4-2 to 6.

A declaration of conformity has been issued for this device in accordance with Act No 90/2016 Coll., as amended. The supplied electrical device conforms to the applicable government regulations concerning safety and electromagnetic compatibility.

## 16. Use, manipulation and maintenance

---

The CPC-U-53 level meter and the CPK-U-53 sensor do not require any maintenance for operation. During operation, the operators of the technology are informed of the level height of the measured material through a connected display unit.

Maintenance of the device consists in verification of integrity of the device and the supply cable. Depending on the nature of the material measured, we recommend to verify the cleanliness of the emitting flat area of the ultrasound transducer at least once per year and to clean it, if required. In case any visible defects are discovered, the manufacturer or reseller of this equipment shall be contacted immediately.



It is forbidden to perform any modifications or interventions into the CPC-U-35 level meter and the CPK-U-35 sensor without the manufacturer's approval. Repairs, if any, shall only be done at the manufacturer or authorized service organization.



Assembly, installation, commissioning, operation and maintenance of the CPC-U-53 level meter and the CPK-U-53 sensor shall be carried out in accordance with this User's Guide; the provisions of standards in force regarding the installation of electrical equipment shall be adhered to.

## 17. General conditions and warranty

Manufacturer guarantees for the period of three (3) years that the product has the characteristics as mentioned in the technical specification.

Manufacturer is liable for defects ascertained within the warranty period and were claimed in writing.

This guarantee does not cover the damages resulting from misuse, improper installation or incorrect maintenance.

This guarantee ceases when the user or the other person makes any changes on the product or the product is mechanically or chemically damaged, or the serial number is not readable.

The warranty certificate must be presented to exercise a claim.

In the case of a rightful complaint, we will replace the product or its defective part. In both cases, the warranty period is extended by the period of repair.

## 18. Marking of labels

Labels for device of the type **CPC-U-53N-\_\_-\_-I-\_-**



Labels for device of the type **CPK-U-53N-\_\_-\_-P-\_-**



Symbol of producer: logo and contact address

Connection scheme and labelling of wires: +U, 0V

Type of level meter: CPC-U-53N-\_\_-\_- /CPK-U-53N-\_\_-\_-

Product serial number: SN: xxxxx - (from left: year of manufacture, serial production No.)

Output current range: I = 4 ... 20 mA

Supply voltage range: U = 18 ... 36 V ~

Maximum switch current: I<sub>omax</sub> = 300 mA

Ambient temperature range: t<sub>a</sub> = -30 ... +\_\_ °C (Temperature range according to the type)

Protection class: IP67 or IP68

Compliance mark: CE; Electro-waste take-back system mark:



Size of labels 175 x 20 mm, the size shown does not correspond to reality.

## 19. Technical specifications

Basic technical data		
Measurement range <sup>1)</sup>	CP_-U-53N-01-_ CP_-U-53N-02-_ CP_-U-53N-06-_ CP_-U-53N-10-__	0,10 ... 1 m 0,20 ... 2 m 0,20 ... 6 m 0,4 ... 10 m
Current consumption	CPC-U-53N-__-__-I CPC-U-53N-__-__-U CPC-U-53N-__-__-M CPK-U-53N-__-__-P CPK-U-53N-__-__-S	4 ... 20 mA / max. 22 mA max. 12 mA max. 20 mA max. 12 mA disconnected 4 mA / connected 20 mA
Power supply voltage	CP_-U-53N	18 ... 36 V DC
Output	CPC-U-53N-__-__-I CPC-U-53N-__-__-U CPC-U-53N-__-__-M CPK-U-53N-__-__-P  CPK-U-53N-__-__-S	4 ... 20 mA (limit values 3.9 ... 20.5 mA) 0 ... 10 V (limit values 0 ... 10,2 V) RS-485 line with Modbus RTU PNP transistor with an open collector (max. switch current 300 mA) two-state current switch 4 mA / 20 mA
Resolution		< 1 mm
Measurement accuracy (of the total range)	CP_-U-53N-01 in the area 0,1-0,2 m / 0,2-1 m CP_-U-53N-02; -06 CP_-U-53N-10	0,3 % / 0,2 % 0,15 % 0,2 %
Temperature error		max. 0,04% / K
Beam width (-3 dB)	CP_-U-53N-01-__ ; 02-__ ; 10-__ CP_-U-53N-06-__	10° 14°
Max. ambient temperature range	CP_-U-53N-01-__ ; 02-__ ; 06-__ CP_-U-53N-10-__	-30 ... +70°C -30 ... +60°C
Short time temperature stress resistance		+90°C / 1 hod.
Measuring period	CP_-U-53N-01-__ ; 02-__ CP_-U-53N-06-__ ; 10-__ CPC-U-53N-__-__-M	0,5 s 1,2 s adjustable through Modbus RTU
Averaging	CP_-U-53N-__-__-__ CPC-U-53N-__-__-M	4 measurements <sup>2)</sup> adjustable through Modbus RTU
Maximum operating overpressure (on transmission surface)		0,1 MPa
Failure indication	echo failure – default mode echo failure – inverse mode level in dead zone <sup>3)</sup> – default mode level in dead zone <sup>4)</sup> – inverse mode	3,75 mA / 0 V / Modbus RTU 22 mA / 10,5 V / Modbus RTU 22 mA / 10,5 V / Modbus RTU 3,75 mA / 0 V / Modbus RTU

<sup>1)</sup> Applicability for measuring the surface level of loose materials is limited, the range of measurement is shorter there.

<sup>2)</sup> From the last six measurements are taken out extreme values MAX and MIN, then the remaining four measurement was performed arithmetic average

<sup>3)</sup> Dead zone = blind zone = blocking zone.

Basic technical data		
Protection class	CP_-U-53N-_-_-_- T	IP67
	CP_-U-53N-_-_-_- G-M, L	
	CP_-U-53N-_-_-_- C-M, L	IP67 <sup>4)</sup>
	CP_-U-53N-_-_-_- B-M, L CP_-U-53N-_-_-_- H-M, L	IP68
Tightening torque for cable gland		3 Nm
Recommended cable	CPC-U-53N-_-_- I ; CPK-U-53N-_-_- S	PVC 2 x 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>
	CPC-U-53N-_-_- U ; CPK-U-53N-_-_- P	PVC 3 x 0.50 mm <sup>2</sup>
	CPC-U-53N-_-_- M	PVC 2x2 0,25 mm <sup>2</sup>
Maximum load resistance of current output at		U = 24 V DC U = 22 V DC U = 20 V DC
		R <sub>max</sub> = 270 R <sub>max</sub> = 180 R <sub>max</sub> = 90
Minimum load resistance of voltage output		R <sub>min</sub> > 1 k
Delay between supply power rise time and first measurement	CP_-U-53N-01-_- ; 02-_- ; 06-_-	5 s
	CP_-U-53N-10-_-	9 s
Process connection	CP_-U-53N-01-_-	fitting with thread G ¾"
	CP_-U-53N-02-_-	fitting with thread G 1"
	CP_-U-53N-06-_-	fitting with thread G 1½ "
	CP_-U-53N-10-_-	fitting with thread G 2¼ "
Weight	CP_-U-53N-01-_-	cca 0,20 kg
	CP_-U-53N-02-_-	cca 0,20 kg
	CP_-U-53N-06-_-	cca 0,25 kg
	CP_-U-53N-10-_-	cca 0,65 kg

<sup>4)</sup> Protection class IP68 can be achieved when a special connector is used.

Materials		
sensor part	type variant	standard material
Housing	all	plastic PP
Electro-acoustic transducer	all	plastic PVDF
Cable gland	all	plastic PA

Factory default table				
	CPC-U-53_-01	CPC-U-53_-02	CPC-U-53_-06	CPC-U-53_-10
Minimum range (20 mA)	0,10 m	0,20 m	0,20 m	0,4 m
Maximum range (4 mA)	1 m	2 m	6 m	10 m
	CPK-U-53_-01	CPK-U-53_-02	CPK-U-53_-06	CPK-U-53_-10
Connection level (ON)	0,45 m	0,90 m	2,7 m	4,5 m
Disconnection level (OFF)	0,65 m	1,30 m	3,9 m	6,5 m

## 19. Packing, shipping and storage

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The CPC-U-53 or CPK-U-53 device is packed in a cardboard packaging and the whole shipment is placed in a cardboard box. The cardboard box is suitably filled to prevent mechanical damage during transport.

Remove the device from the package just prior to its use to prevent possible damage.

Transport to the customer is provided by a forwarding company. Subject to prior arrangement, personal pick-up of the ordered goods is possible in the company's seat. Upon receipt, please check whether the shipment is complete and corresponds to the extent of the order, or whether during the transport the packaging and the device has not been damaged. Do not use a device apparently damaged during transport and contact the manufacturer to resolve the situation.

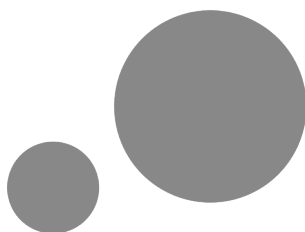
If the device is transported further, it shall be wrapped in the original packaging and protected against shocks and weather.

Store the device in its original packaging in a dry place, sheltered from weather, with humidity up to 85% without the effects of chemically active substances. The range of storage temperature is -20°C to +60°C.



Level meters (sensors) of variants CP\_U-53\_01, 02, 06, 10 are fitted with protective caps to prevent damage to the ultrasonic transducer. Remove the caps before commissioning!





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*Find the updated version at [www.simex.pl](http://www.simex.pl)*

*version: 12/2024*

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